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图书基本信息

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内容概要

《中国人民大学学报》为了向广大考生、教师、科研人员以及社会各界揭示我国恢复高考统一命题考试25年来命题思想及演变过程,为了配合高考内容与形式改革研究对"3+X"科目设置改革以来试题的设计成果作一次认真的总结、研究,促进我国考试制度的科学化、现代化,"高考内容、形式与能力考查"课题研究组特编写了这套丛书。

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章节摘录

Government motivated reform offinancial marketization. "modef andperformance Before any further discussion of the preference conflicts of the State - owned specializedbanks and their influence, we offer a simple model to explain the path and performance offinancial reforms under decentralization in this section. at figure 2. Suppose the financial marketization reforms face two types offinancial resources, respectively represented by the horizontal axis FRI and the vertical axiSFR. This indicates that our focus will be allocation efficiency. Two production frontiersPP, and PP, show scales of financial resources in different allocation situations, referringto both the scale of credit provision and the scale of financial institutions expansion. It isfurther supposed that a theoretical optimum concerning the allocation of financial resources exists. namely. a Pareto optimum that stands for the best level of financial development, reDresented by a set of indifference curves labeled by III in the figure. With the financial system being State—owned at the beginning of the reform and FRI reflecting the preference of t11e central government, we are justified to say that A was the initial equilibrium point(i . e . the starting point of the reform) . In this case , the State financial utility function(represented by aset of indifference curves labeled by I)12 is tangent to PP I. Generally, in a centrally planned economy, marketization entails the reduction of the amount of financial resources reflecting the preference of government and the gradual movement toward a new state of equilibrium fi . e . from point A to point B) , with the result of the curve representing socialwelfare and resource allocation efficiency shifting from a lower level IIII to a higher levelIII , This is a process of strengthening the market force and improving the efficiency of allocating financial resources , thus a process of financial development. However, through the previous discussion, it is known that after the decentralization eform, local element (including the private preference of State-owned banks) has begun to influence the allocation process, with the result being the rapid expansion of financial organizations and a sharp increase in the credit volume provided by State—owned banks. This indicates an outwardmovement of the production frontier from PP I to PP2. In response to local governments 'desire to allocate more of the financial resource FR2 according to their own preference, thefinancial utility function 112 will be tangent to PP2 at C and the preference of localities are best satisfied.

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