<<研究生入学考试复试英语口试全书>>

图书基本信息

书名:<<研究生入学考试复试英语口试全书>>

13位ISBN编号:9787300168203

10位ISBN编号: 7300168205

出版时间:2012-12

出版时间:中国人民大学出版社

作者: 任林静 编

页数:282

字数:550000

版权说明:本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介,请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:http://www.tushu007.com

<<研究生入学考试复试英语口试全书>>

内容概要

复试口试一本全,解读口试具体要求,形式,内容与评分标准。 详析八大题型,一对一配套单项练习。 十套模拟试题,考前全真模拟。 汇集部分名校真题,复试相关情况。

<<研究生入学考试复试英语口试全书>>

书籍目录

- 第一章 英语口试要求、形式、内容及标准
 - 1.口试要求
 - 2.口试形式及内容
 - 3.评分标准
 - 4.标准描述
- 第二章 英语口试题型分析与应试技巧
 - 1.问答
 - 2.角色扮演
 - 3.讨论问题
 - 4.即兴演讲
 - 5.朗读
 - 6.复述
 - 7.看图说话
 - 8.描述图表
- 第三章 英语口试单项练习
 - 1.问答
 - 2.角色扮演
 - 3.讨论问题
 - 4.即兴演讲
 - 5.朗读
 - 6.复述
 - 7.看图说话
 - 8.描述图表
- 第四章 英语口试单项练习参考答案
 - 1.问答
 - 2.角色扮演
 - 3.讨论问题
 - 4.即兴演讲
 - 5.朗读
 - 6.复述
 - 7.看图说话
 - 8.描述图表
- 第五章 英语口试模拟试题

第六章 英语口试模拟试题参考答案

附录

<<研究生入学考试复试英语口试全书>>

, looking directly into the person's eyes is expected.

章节摘录

You keep asking questions based on the last thing a person says. This is called the "elaboration tech-nique." Choose questions that will get the other person to elaborate on what he/she is saying. Askquestions similar to those a reporter might ask to draw a person out: who, what, when, where, andwhy questions. If you started a conversation with another person, and you're having difficulty ending it, there are several signals you can send to the other person that will bring the conversation to its close without hurtinganyone's feelings. Breaking eye contact is a discreet signal that the conversation is about to end. Another way to signal is to use transition words like well, or at any rate. You may want to recap allthat was said. Whatever you do, don't lie to the other person. If you're not interested in talking to him/heragain, don't mention the possibility of a future meeting just to be polite. That's hypocritical. Instead, yournay want to say, "Nice meeting you." And then , leave. Finally, be sure to give the other person a good, firm handshake. The final impression you make canbe just as important as the initial one you made. And now just let me explain to you the Reading 8 rules of the competition. Each of the contestants has five mi-nutes to present a prepared speech, three minutes to deliver an extemporaneous speech and three minutesto answer questions raised by the judges, During the prepared speech a staff member will raise a red card-board as a signal that there is one minute left. Then, at the end of the five minutes, a bell will ring to letthe speaker know the time has run out. Reading 9 When you learn a foreign language, you must learn more than the vocabulary and the grammar. Tocommunicate successfully in speech, you must also learn the non-verbal language, or "body language" ofthat culture. Body language is a term used to describe facial expressions, gestures, and other movements of the body that send messages. This means of communication is so important that we may actually saymore with our movements than with words. For some messages, words are not enough. Speaking a foreign language is sometimes difficult Reading 10 becausewe may not understand the non-verbal signals of another culture, or they may mean something very differ-ent from what they mean of our own culture. For example, nodding the head up and down is a gesture thatmay communicate a different message in different parts of the world. In north America, it means "lagree". In the Middle East nodding the head down means "I agree" and up means "I disagree". In a con-versation among Japanese it often simply means "I'm listening". Reading 11 Eye contact is also very meaningful, but it , too , can mean different things in different countries. Insome Spanish-speaking countries , children show respect to an older person by not looking directly into the person's eyes during a conversation. In other cultures

<<研究生入学考试复试英语口试全书>>

版权说明

本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介,请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:http://www.tushu007.com