

## <<法律英语基础教程>>

### 图书基本信息

书名：<<法律英语基础教程>>

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## <<法律英语基础教程>>

### 前言

《法律英语基础教程》是复旦大学出版社“21世纪大学实用行业英语系列”之一，该套教材于2009年荣获“华东地区大学出版社第八届优秀教材学术专著二等奖”。

本教材由广东外语外贸大学法律语言学博士生导师杜金榜教授审定，编写由法律英语方面的专家和经验丰富的一线高校教师合力完成。

它是一本法律英语入门教材，供普通本科院校和水平较高的高职高专院校的法律、英语、国贸等专业师生及其他法律英语爱好者学习使用。

编写体例全书共由10个单元组成，内容涉及法学概论、法律体系、程序法、国际法、合同法、公司法、侵权法、知识产权法、环境保护法、刑法等。

每单元包含三篇课文，Text A是主课文，用于精读，课文后附有丰富多样的练习；Text B是副课文，用于泛读；Text C是实用性法律英语阅读材料，如案例、法律、法规等。

每单元主课文之前是Warming.

up，包括Listen & Do，Surf & Learn，Lookup & Write down三项任务。

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### 内容概要

《法律英语基础教程》是复旦大学出版社“21世纪大学实用行业英语系列”中的一本，该套教材于2009年荣获“华东地区大学出版社第八届优秀教材学术专著二等奖”。

《21世纪大学实用行业英语系列：法律英语基础教程》由广东外语外贸大学法律语言学博士生导师杜金榜教授审定，编写由法律英语方面的专家和经验丰富的一线高校教师合力完成，是法律英语入门教材，供普通本科院校和水平较高的高职高专院校的法律、英语、国贸等专业师生及其他法律英语爱好者学习使用。

全书共10个单元。

每单元包括Warming-up, Text A, Text B, Text C和Suggested Readings & Activities五部分内容。

在编写原则上，从ESP教学实际出发，立足中国法律语境，以学生为中心，突出情境化学习和任务型教学。

在教学理念上，坚持“听说领先”的教学原则，以“阅读教学”为突破口，“听说读写译”多能并重，练习和活动任务丰富多样。

在材料的选编上，力求选材多样新颖、内容实用、难易适当。

在教材体系上，努力打造立体化、数字化、网络化教材体系，包括纸质出版物、CD-ROM光盘和网络化教学服务平台。

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### 书籍目录

Unit 1 Introduction to Law Warming-up Text A What Is Law ?  
Text B Sources of Law Text C Legal English ( I ) : Its Development Suggested Readings & Activities Unit 2 Legal Systems Warming-up Text A World Legal Systems Text B China's Legal System in Transition Text C Legal English ( II ) : Its Features Suggested Readings & Activities Unit 3 Procedural Law Warming-up Text A Introduction to Procedural Law Text B Criminal Procedure Text C Case Study: Clearfield Trust Co. v. United States Suggested Readings & Activities Unit 4 International Law Warming-up Text A An Overview of International Law Text B Historical Review of China's Accession to the WTO Text C Agencies Suggested Readings & Activities Unit 5 Contract Law Warming-up Text A Introduction to Contract Law Text B Remedies for Breach of Contract Text C Sales Agency Agreement Suggested Readings & Activities Unit 6 Corporate Law Warming-up Text A Corporate Law Text B New Labor Contract Law Changes China's Employment Landscape Text C Guangdong Province Employment Labor Contract ( Excerpts ) Suggested Readings & Activities Unit 7 Tort Law and Intellectual Property Warming-up Text A Introduction to Tort Law Text B Introduction to Intellectual Property Text C Case Reading: Dazhong Accuses Baidu of TM Infringement Suggested Readings & Activities Unit 8 Environmental Protection Law Warming-up Text A International Environmental Law Text B Developing Nations Have Slowed Greenhouse Gas Rise Text C Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution and Other Public Hazards Suggested Readings & Activities Unit 9 Legal Profession Warming-up Text A How to Become a Lawyer in the United States Text B Barristers in England and Wales Text C Lawyers' Practice Licensing in China Suggested Readings & Activities Unit 10 Criminal Law Warming-up Text A Criminal Law Text B Changes in American Death Penalty Text C Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China ( Excerpts ) Suggested Readings & Activities References

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章节摘录

插图：Secondary sources consist of materials that organize, summarize and analyze law. 7 Examples are textbooks, articles, services and encyclopedias. Mainly as summary, analysis, discussion and criticism of law, they are valuable tools for the study of law. Moreover, they can be useful in research as a means to finding other legal material. Secondary sources of law are therefore sought for their own sake and also because they contain information which realizes some of the aims of legal research. One of the obvious advantages of secondary sources of law is that they are a much quicker way of finding the law on the subject than going to primary sources. But a warning is necessary. Secondary sources may be deficient in three ways. 8 First, they will frequently not be up to date, and the older they are the more likely will this be the case. Second, they may not be accurate in their citation or statement of principles in cases or statutes. Consequently it may be necessary to check the accuracy by going to the primary sources of law. Third, their commentary on the law by way of analysis and interpretation may not be comprehensive. So while one will inevitably use secondary sources and obtain the advantages they offer, these limitations must not be overlooked.

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### 编辑推荐

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