<<哀悼日>>

图书基本信息

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内容概要

《哀悼日:中国第一个为民众所设哀悼日纪实(英文版)》主要内容:Fudan University was resounded with 69 tolls of the Century Bronze Bell,apartfrom the wail of horns.Twenty three Sichuan students who had organized theceremony via the Internet knolled the bell,meaning it to bless their hometown.Thequake affected the families of the university's 77 undergraduates and 42 postgraduatestudents,some of them losing their beloved family members or friends forever.



书籍目录

Part one:care for lifeNational MourningBeijing: Go,ChinalSichuan: We Don't Cry!Long Live China 1Shaanxi: May the Disaster Be Away from Chinese NationGansu: The Dead Rest in Peace; the Living Struggle BrarelyTianjin: We Can't Stay with You but We'll Try Our Best toWarmYOHShanghai: Mourning in The CandlelightChongqing: Keep Moving, Keep Moving.

Part two:focus on chinaWe Share the Grief and Tears , We Stand Together through the Difficulties Indomitable Strength Coheredamid Grief A Record of China's Humanitarian Respons in sichuan Wipe away Our Tears and Move Forward Reflesons Human Rights on the Mourning Day Disaster Relief: Sing High Praise for "People Come First" Sublimation on Ruins Teh National Flag on May 19 The International Community Mourns Chiua 'S Earthquake Victims Acknowledgements



章节摘录

Fudan University was resounded with 69 tolls of the Century Bronze Bell, apartfrom the wail of horns. Twenty three Sichuan students who had organized theceremony via the Internet knolled the bell, meaning it to bless their hometown. The quake affected the families of the university's 77 undergraduates and 42 postgraduates tudents , some of them losing their beloved family members or friends forever. Rain continued for quite a while in Shenzhen. Hundreds of people——-includingelders and childrenmgathered spontaneously before the portrait Deng Xiaoping, thebest-known sight of Shennan Avenue. They all stood in silence, in spite of the rain, while their umbrellas were just placed aside. A native of Meishan of Sichuan Province, a mid-aged man surnamed Xu camefrom Longgang to the portrait by bus. The house of his family was severely damagedand his old parems still lived in a tent. Tears and rain water trickling down his cheek, he shook his fist towards the sky, "I believe that Sichuan call stand it, because Chinese are conscientious. "Mr. Cui stood in silence before the portrait for quite a while. The dayimmediately after he left Sichuan on May 11, a part ofthat beautiful land was tornapart by the earthquake . "I was lucky, but I feel sad for those dead kids and compatriots. For the first time I felt how close I was to death. rve come to this particularly meaningful place to express my respects for the dead and blessing for thesurvivors. "It was also drizzling in Hong Kong. In the HKEx's stock exchange hall, thetraders received a notice several minutes ago that the opening bell due at 14: 30would not ring on May 19. Different from three-minute mandatory suspension in the mainland stockexchanges, HKEx announced that during the mourning, its exchange system wouldoperate normally and the members might decide at discretion whether to trade or not. "We feel very sad for the severe casualties caused by the Wenchuan guake. Weexpress our deep , sincere condolences for the affected people who have lost their relatives and for the survivors who will have to rebuild their life. Although ourregards will not necessarily relieve their pains, we want to tell them that we sharetheir feelings. We hope this could help see them through hard times, " said HKExChief Executive Paul Chow. All the traders on the spot stood in silent tribute, bowing their heads. Meanwhilenone performed transactions. When the tribulations hit, Chengdu was far stronger than people ever imagined. At 21:00 May 18, a dozen of volunteers launched an all-city acknowledgement signature campaign at the pedestrian plaza , Hongxing Road . Private cars and taxiesbearing a red sign "THANKS" printed in six languages including Chinese, English, Japanese and Russian were shuttling across the city. After the whistles faded away , utterances of "Go, Sichuan" still rose one afteranother at the Tianfu Square. In Tangshan, a city which suffered from similar trauma 32 years ago, more thanthree thousand people assembled spontaneously at the Square of EarthquakeMonument, and numerous taxies parked silently in queues behind the crowds. Onone side of the square was Tangshan 'S" wailing wall", engraved with "July 28, 1976". On that day, the city lost 240, 000 people with another 160, 000 severelyinjured, 3,817 permanently handicapped, and 4,204 children made orphans. At 14: 28, May 19, over 80 wheelchair-bound people in the Tangshan Paraplegics Sanatorium who lost their legs in the Tangshan Earthquake 32 years agobowed their heads in the courtyard of the institution . After that earthquake 32 years ago, Tangshanese had learned not to cry, because cry might influence other people'S courage to live and let down those who helpedthem out of the disaster, Mr. Chen told the reporter , who lost his two sisters in thequake . At the same time , in London , more than 300 people from all walks of lifegathered in the hall of China's embassy in the UK and stood in silent tribute for the victims of the Wenchuan Ea~~hquake. The embassy set up a condolence book and adonation stand, open to the public at 9:00 a.m. . through 1 8:00 from May 19 to Mrdy21. Immediately after the three-minute mourning, Mr. Khalid Malik , UN ResidentCoordinator in China, went to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and signed his name on the condolence book. Embassies and consulates of many countries in Chinavoluntarily flew their flag at half-mast that day and organized mourning activities. According to Mr. Malik, the United Nations stands ready to provide long-termsuppote help reconstruct the guake-hit areas. A three-day national mourning, announced for the first time for the ordinarypeople, reflects how the country respects and cares for lives and how the Chinesegovernment and the people cherish and protect human rights, said Professor GeJianxiong at Fudan University. A common



citizen and a state leader enjoy equalaccess to human rights and their lives are equally cherished; the loss of tens ofthousands ofpeople should be mourned by the whole nation. Prof. Ge noted that, setting the national mourning is not only commemoration of the dead, but also a gesture of love and care in the eyes of their surviving familymembers which helps build their courage and confidence to live. It also reveals to the whole world that, the Chinese people and the Chinese government both show greatconcern for the existence, well-being and future of human beings.



编辑推荐

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