<<同等学力申请硕士学位英语考试全真模>>

图书基本信息

书名:<<同等学力申请硕士学位英语考试全真模拟试题>>

13位ISBN编号:9787511411563

10位ISBN编号: 7511411568

出版时间:2011-9

出版时间:中国石化出版社有限公司

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页数:251

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内容概要

本书由一线名师倾力打造,编者从事同等学力考试教学实践多年,对同等学力考试有着许多独到的见解,已成功培养出众多高分考生。

本书信息权威,讲解深入浅出,针对考题类型提供科学高效的解题方法,可使考生迅速把握考试的精髓。

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章节摘录

版权页:Caffeine, the stimulant in coffee, has been called the most widely used psychoac-tive substance on Earth. Synder, Daly and Bruns have recently proposed that caffeineaffects behavior by countering the activity in the human brain of a naturally occurringchemical called adenosine. Adenosine normally depresses neuron firing in many areas ofthe brain. It apparently does this by inhibiting the release of neurotransmitters, chemicals that carry nerve impulses from one neuron to the next. Like many otheragents that affect neuron firing, adenosine must first bind to specific receptors onneuronal membranes. There are at least two classes of these receptors, which havebeen designated Al and A2 Snyder et al propose that caffeine, which is structurally similar to adenosine, is able to bind to both types of receptors, which prevents adenosine from attaching there and allows the neurons to fire more readily than theyotherwise would.

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