

<<世纪·同步精练(牛津上海版)>>

图书基本信息

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## 前言

随着二期课改的不断深入,中小学英语的教学理念和实践发生了很大的变化。

《英语(牛津上海版)》(试用本)教材作为教育部义务教育课程标准实验教科书之一和上海市二期课改的修订版教材,以其原汁原味的语言、先进科学的编写理念和活泼精美的版式深受广大一线教师 and 学生的欢迎。

为了更好地帮助学生用好这套教材,我们组织来自课改第一线的具有丰富牛津英语教学实践经验的教师们编写了这套《世纪·同步精练》丛书。

本册书在内容的编排上与《英语(牛津上海版)八年级第二学期》(试用本)教材中各单元的内容一致,共7个单元,同时补充了针对单元知识点的练习以及测试学生的英语综合运用能力的综合性练习。

下面就本书有关内容作简要的说明:

- 1.目标扫描 “目标扫描”中主要归纳并列教材中每个单元主要的语法以及语言要点,旨在让学生对教材中每个单元的语法以及语言要点有总体的了解。

- 2.语言点详解 “语言点详解”是对“目标扫描”中所列语法要点的详细解释,主要包括对教材各单元中重点语法的详细解析,并设置了与语言点详解直接对应的针对性练习——“活学活用”,有选择、填空、句型转换等多种题型。

学生们通过完成这部分的练习能有效地检测自己对每个单元知识重点的掌握程度,以便能更有针对性地进行复习。

## 内容概要

为了更好地帮助学生用好这套教材，我们组织来自课改第一线的具有丰富牛津英语教学实践经验的教师们编写了这套《世纪·同步精练》丛书。

《世纪·同步精练：英语(牛津上海版)(8年级第2学期)》在内容的编排上与《英语(牛津上海版)八年级第二学期》(试用本)教材中各单元的内容一致，共7个单元，同时补充了针对单元知识点的练习以及测试学生的英语综合运用能力的综合性练习。

下面就《世纪·同步精练：英语(牛津上海版)(8年级第2学期)》有关内容作简要的说明：1.目标扫描“目标扫描”中主要归纳并列教材中每个单元主要的语法以及语言要点，旨在让学生对教材中每个单元的语法以及语言要点有总体的了解。

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## 章节摘录

E. Many new ways to cure illnesses will be successful using products of genetic engineering (基因工程). Cures will be found for the flu and the common cold. However, some new illnesses will appear. True or false. (判断下列句子是否符合短文内容, 符合的用T表示, 不符合的用F表示)(5分) ( ) 1. Cars using solar power or electricity will cause fewer accidents and less pollution. ( ) 2. People will be able to live in the new cities in the sea. ( ) 3. Biotechnology cant make better and healthier food. ( ) 4. Electrical appliances will save 50% power because they are controlled by computers. ( ) 5. Genetic engineering can help doctors cure illnesses. (c) Do you know that England is just a part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland? Great Britain runs nearly 1,000 kilometres from south to north and extends, at the widest part, about 500 kilometres from west to east. It is divided into three parts: England in the south, Scotland in the north and Wales in the southwest. England is the largest and most developed of all the three. It has an area of more than 130,000 square kilometres, which takes up nearly 60 percent of the whole island. Its population is more than 46 million and makes up 85 per cent of the countrys whole population. Scotland is the second largest both in area and population. It is about 78,760 square kilometres, less than 30 per cent of the whole island, with a population of 5 million. Wales is the smallest of the three. Its area, 20,700 square kilometres, takes up less than 9 per cent while its population is no more than 5 per cent of the whole. Northern Ireland has an area of about 14,000 square kilometres. It occupies(占据) the northeastern corner of the island of Ireland, most of which being the Republic of Ireland. Choose the best answer. (根据短文内容, 选择最恰当的答案)(5分) ( ) 1. What is the total area of Great Britain? A) No more than 23,000 square kilometres. B) About 500,000 square kilometres. C) 229,500 square kilometres. D) More than 240,000 square kilometres. ( ) 2. The full name of the country in the passage is A) England B) the United Kingdom of Great Britain C) the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland D) the Republic of Ireland and Great Britain

编辑推荐

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