



图书基本信息

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前言

Dear Student, Thank you for choosing to study for the IELTS with New Oriental. This book is the long anticipated result of a close cooperation between New Oriental and international IELTS experts to develop our own IELTStraining materials. We believe it offers a different approach , with thefollowing features : First of all , the language used is likely what you will encounter in a real classmom 0r work setting while living abroad. The setting of each dialogue is also consistent with how you might encounter English as used by nativespeakers in their Also, under the guidance of renowned professor Rod Ellis, our partnerinternational research own country. team has delivered a proven methodology for ensuring the intended acquisition of needed skills for IELTS test takers in speaking, listening, reading and writing. And most importantly, this book incorporates ten years of IELTS training experience by the very best teachers at New Oriental, and therefore has beencustomized to suit the needs of Chinese students. I sincerely hope that together with these materials New Oriental teacherscan nlake your IELTS classroom fruitful and rewarding. Enjoy your learningtime with New Oriental !

Zhou Chenggang 新东方教育科技集团雅思研究院院长 新东方教育科技集团常务副总裁



内容概要

汇集新东方雅思十年培训经验之精华,新东方及国际知名雅思专家强强联手,倾力打造符合中国雅思 考生学习特点的培训教材;资深国际语言专家Rod Ellis亲自作序,担任总顾问,对教材编写予以指导 ;新东方教育科技集团雅思研究院院长周成刚亲自审订;根据雅思考试最新趋势,全面覆盖雅思考试 各种题型,提供多样练习形式及技巧点拨,供考生短时高效备考;本书既可以作为课堂培训使用,也 可以作为考生自学使用,适用于英语基础相对薄弱的考生,配合剑桥雅思真题学习,效果更佳。



书籍目录

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章节摘录

Listening 1 Narrator 1 : You are now going to hear a talk about glass recycling. Narrator 2 : Glass recycling is now a standard process in many towns andcities of the world. Millions of glass items are used every day, with bottles, jars and light bulbs being among the mostcommon. The process of recycling glass rather than making it new saves energy and reduces the amount of waste at landfills. The first step in the process of recycling household glass is towash the items in warm,_s_9aPy water. This is to ensure that there isnt any drink or food left on the glass. Secondly, the jarsand bottles are collected by one of two systems, depending on the town or city. In some places, bottles and jars are taken by the general public to bottle banks. Bottle banks are largerecycling bins, usually with three holes that enable the glass tobe separated by colour——clear, brown or green. In other cities, people put their bottles and jars in a container which theyleave outside their house on a set day of the week. A truck then comes past, and the glass is collected and sorted into different colours by glass collection Thirdly, the glass is taken to a glass plant, where the actual recycling process takes place. At the glass companies. plant, one of twothings can happen. In the first case, the bottles are sterilized and then reused for their original purpose that is, soft drinkbottles are refilled with soft drinks, or jam jars are refilled withjam, and so on. Reusing bottles as they are saves money, and saves more energy than the second process. In the second case, the glass is melted down and made into new bottles or otherproducts entirely. First, all of the glass of one colour is placed into abig crushingmachineand broken into smallpieces. It is important to separate the different types and colours of glass , because they have different chemical properties. Then, the rushed glass is mixed with amounts of sand, ash Finally, most of the melted glass is poured to make new and limestone and placed in a furnace to be melted. bottlesand jars. However, depending on the quality, it can be used tomake other products, including floor tiles and Narrator 1: You are going to hear a talk about the recycling processfor aluminium fibreglass. Listening 2 Every year, millions and millions of drink cans are soldaround the Narrator 2: cans. world. Approximately 75 per cent of these drinkcans are made of aluminium. The process of recycling these cans is very important because it saves energy and reduces theamount of waste in landfills. In the first step in the recycling process, the used cans arecollected. As with glass bottles and jars, this means that thecans are either taken by the general public to large recyclingbins-known ascan banks-outside supermarketsand othershops, or picked up from outside people's houses by cancollection companies. Secondly, the cans are taken to specialcentres, where they are checked for any liquid, paper or othermaterials that could be a problem for the recycling process. Thirdly, the cans are then transported to a recycling plant, where a machine cuts them into small pieces. Then the pieces of aluminium are melted in a very hot furnace, before beingpoured into huge moulds and left togo cold. In the next stage, the big blocks of aluminium are taken to another plant for rolling. First, they are heated and then rolledby a machine to make them thin. Next, they are left to cool, before being rolled a second time until they are thin enough tomake new aluminium cans. The thin Pieces of aluminium arethen put into another machine where they are cut up and made into new cans. After this, the new cans are painted with the colours and the logo of the drink company. In the final stages, the cansare placed in an oventodry , beforebeing washed. Lastly, the new, clean aluminium cans are filled with gas and liquid. They are now ready to be transported toshops, supermarkets and drink machines for people to buy. Then, the recycling process begins all over again.





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