

<<中国的基层选举>>

图书基本信息

书名：<<中国的基层选举>>

13位ISBN编号：9787802285033

10位ISBN编号：7802285038

出版时间：2008-1

出版时间：张春侠 新世界出版社 (2008-01出版)

作者：张春侠

版权说明：本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介，请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问：<http://www.tushu007.com>

<<中国的基层选举>>

前言

The word "election" has long been used in China. Huainanzi, a philosophical classic of the Han Dynasty (206BC-AD 220) , even says in the Bing Lue chapter that elections can help win the hearts of virtuous men. Strictly speaking, however, under 2,000 years of feudal despotism, elections in China were nothing but a means for the ruling class to appoint their own officials, as per their own whims and convenience. Although democratic ideas had infiltrated into the country from the West, they had had little impact. Regular, impartial elections in China can thus be said to have begun after the founding of the People's Republic of China in 1949, and to have sprouted at the grassroots level, in the rural areas. The reform and opening up policy initiated in the 1970s brought tremendous changes to China's political, economic, and cultural scenarios. Grassroots elections also made their debut in China during the same period. The election of the villagers' committee, a product of China's grassroots election, captured world-wide attention when it was first introduced. In fact the new elections have not only facilitated the development of China's political system at the grassroots level, but also improved the strength and integrity of the grassroots election system.

<<中国的基层选举>>

内容概要

《中国的基层选举(英文版)》内容简介：The word "election" has long been used in China. Huainanzi, a philosophical classic of the Han Dynasty (206BC-AD 220), even says in the Bing Lue chapter that elections can help win the hearts of virtuous men.

Strictly speaking, however, under 2,000 years of feudal despotism, elections in China were nothing but a means for the ruling class to appoint their own officials, as per their own whims and convenience. Although democratic ideas had infiltrated into the country from the West, they had had little impact.

Regular, impartial elections in China can thus be said to have begun after the founding of the People's Republic of China in 1949, and to have sprouted at the grassroots level, in the rural areas. The reform and opening up policy initiated in the 1970s brought tremendous changes to China's political, economic, and cultural scenarios. Grassroots elections also made their debut in China during the same period. The election of the villagers' committee, a product of China's grassroots election, captured world-wide attention when it was first introduced. In fact the new elections have not only facilitated the development of China's political system at the grassroots level, but also improved the strength and integrity of the grassroots election system.

<<中国的基层选举>>

书籍目录

Preface
Grassroots Election in Rural Areas
Evolution of the Villagers' Committee Election System
The First Autonomous Village
The Hometown of "Hai Xuan"
Urban Community Elections
Direct Election Reform in the Urban Community
Direct Election of the Residents' Committee in Jiudaowan Community
Direct Election in Haishu, Ningbo
Grassroots People's Congress Election
Development and Reform
Direct Election of Township Heads
Reform in Electing Township Heads
Direct Election in Buyun Township
Conclusion

<<中国的基层选举>>

章节摘录

插图：

<<中国的基层选举>>

编辑推荐

《中国的基层选举(英文版)》：国情故事丛书

<<中国的基层选举>>

版权说明

本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介，请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:<http://www.tushu007.com>